PREVAILED	Roll Call No.
FREVAILED	Roll Call No.
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

## **HOUSE MOTION** \_\_\_\_

## MR. SPEAKER:

I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 386 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 40, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new paragraph and insert:
2	"SECTION 12. IC 27-4-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 4. The following are
4	hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and
5	deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance:
6	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or
7	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
8	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
9	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
0	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
. 1	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the
2	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar
3	policies;
4	(C) making any misleading representation or any
.5	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
6	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
7	operates;
8	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
9	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
20	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
21	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
22	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his
23	insurance.
24	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing

before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to any person in the conduct of his insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.

- (3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any person engaged in the business of insurance.
- (4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
- (5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to which such insurer is required by law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
- (6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.
- (7) Making or permitting any of the following:

(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in

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determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

- (B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever; however, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.
- (C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair discrimination between persons of the same class involving essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:
  - (i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;
  - (ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine, as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
  - (iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of insurance whatsoever.

However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A) and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance. Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance rate regulatory law of this state.

(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends,

savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

- (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
- (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
- (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.
- (D) Paying by an insurer or agent thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed agent thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, or solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.
- (9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance agent or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or his right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
- (10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust

or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the business of insurance.

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- (11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of commerce in the business of insurance. However, participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of any nonprofit organization of agents or other workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this chapter.
- (12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any policy of insurance covering such property through a particular insurance company, agent, or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon, of his, her, or its right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
- (13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer, any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the following:
  - (A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit unions.
  - (B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers or users of such goods.
- (C) Title insurance.
  - (D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the event of the death or disability of the insured.
  - (E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs or associations.
- (F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an air transportation ticket and that:

1	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
2	the flight to which the ticket relates;
3	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
4	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
5	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
6	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
7	the ticket relates; or
8	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
9	relates.
.0	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
.1	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
2	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
.3	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
4	facility licensed by the state department of health.
.5	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
.6	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
.7	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
.8	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
9	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
20	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
21	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
22	experience.
23	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
24	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
25	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
26	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
27	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
28	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or
29	physical condition.
30	(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
31	of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
32	(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
33	vehicle insurance rates.
34	(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
35	to interest rate guarantees.
86	(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
37	coverage for victims of abuse.
88	(22) Violating IC 27-1-15.5-3(h).
39	(23) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
10	(24) Violating IC 27-7-3-21 concerning title insurance
11	premiums in multistate transactions.".
12	Page 41, between lines 19 and 20, begin a new paragraph and insert:
13	"SECTION 14. IC 27-7-3-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 18. The provisions of
15	this chapter, shall except section 21 of this chapter, do not apply to
16	any insurance company organized or desiring to organize under and

pursuant to IC 27-1 nor to any person, firm, partnership, corporation,
limited liability company, association, or company whose business is
the making of abstracts of title to real estate and attaching their
certificate thereto and not engaging in the business of making title
insurance, nor to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, limited
liability company, or association acting as an authorized agent for a
duly qualified title insurance company

SECTION 15. IC 27-7-3-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 21. (a) This section applies to the issuance of title insurance in Indiana in a real estate transaction in which title insurance is being issued in at least one (1) other state in which title insurance premiums are computed based on rates filed with a governmental entity.

(b) The title insurance premium rate charged by the title insurance company providing title insurance in Indiana may not be less than the average of the title insurance rates charged for title insurance in the other participating states that have filed rates.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 386 as printed April 9, 2001.)

Representative Dvorak